

INE

He himself, being excellently learned, and *industrious* to seek out the truth of all things concerning the original of his own people, hath set down the testimony of the ancients truly. *Spenser on Ireland.*

Let our just censures
Attend the true event, and put we on
Industrious soldiership. *Shakespeare's Macbeth.*
His thoughts were low:
To vice *industrious*; but to nobler deeds
Timorous and slothful. *Milton's Paradise Lost.*

2. Designed; done for the purpose.
The *industrious* perforation of the tendons of the second joints of fingers and toes, draw the tendons of the third joints through. *More's Divine Dialogues.*

Observe carefully all the events which happen either by an occasional concurrence of various causes, or by the *industrious* application of knowing men. *Watts's Improv. of the Mind.*

INDUSTRIOUSLY. *adv.* [from *industrious*.] Diligently; laboriously; assiduously.

If *industrious*
I play'd the fool, it was my negligence,
Not weighing well the end. *Shakespeare's Winter's Tale.*
Some friends to vice *industriously* defend
These innocent diversions, and pretend
That I the tricks of youth too roughly blame. *Dryden's Juven.*

2. For the set purpose; with design.
Great Britain was never before united in itself under one king, notwithstanding that the uniting had been *industriously* attempted both by war and peace. *Bacon.*

I am not under the necessity of declaring myself, and I *industriously* conceal my name, which wholly exempts me from any hopes and fears. *Swift.*

INDUSTRY. *n. f.* [from *industrie*, Fr. *industria*, Lat.] Diligence; assiduity.

The sweat of *industry* would dry and die,
But for the end it works to. *Shakespeare's Cymbeline.*

For little drops of honey flee,
See the laborious bee
And there with humble sweets content her *industry*. *Cowley.*
Providence would only initiate mankind into the useful knowledge of her treasures, leaving the rest to employ our *industry*, that we might not live like idle loiterers. *More's Antid.*

To *INEBRIATE*. *v. a.* [from *inebria*, Lat.] To intoxicate; to make drunk.
Wine sugared *inebriates* less than wine pure: fops in wine, quantity for quantity, *inebriates* more than wine of itself. *Bac.*

Fish, entering far in and meeting with the fresh water, as if *inebriated*, turn up their bellies and are taken. *Sandys.*

To *INEBRIATE*. *v. n.* To grow drunk; to be intoxicated.
At Constantinople fish, that come from the Euxine sea into the fresh water, do *inebriate* and turn up their bellies, so as you may take them with your hand. *Bacon's Natural Hist.*

INEBRIATION. *n. f.* [from *inebriate*.] Drunkenness; intoxication.

That cornelians and bloodstones may be of virtue to those intentions they are applied, experience will make us grant; but not that an amethyst prevents *inebriation*. *Brewin.*

INEFFABILITY. *n. f.* [from *ineffable*.] Unspeakeableness.
INEFFABLE. *adj.* [from *ineffable*, Fr. *ineffabilis*, Lat.] Unspeakeable; unutterable; not to be expressed. It is used almost always in a good sense.

To whom the son, with calm aspect, and clear,
Lightning divine, *ineffable*, serene!
Made answer. *Milton's Paradise Lost, b. v.*

Reflect upon a clear, unblotted, acquitted conscience, and feed upon the *ineffable* comforts of the memorial of a conquered temptation. *South.*

INEFFABLY. *adv.* [from *ineffable*.] In a manner not to be expressed.

He all his father full express'd,
Ineffably into his face receiv'd. *Milton.*

INEFFECTIVE. *adj.* [from *ineffectif*, Fr. *ineffectivus*.] That which can produce no effect.

As the body, without blood, is a dead and lifeless trunk; so is the word of God, without the spirit, a dead and *ineffective* letter. *Taylor.*

He that assures himself he never errs, will always err; and his presumptions will render all attempts to inform him *ineffective*. *Glavin. Scryf.*

INEFFECTUAL. *adj.* [from *ineffectual*.] Unable to produce its proper effect; weak; without power.

The public reading of the Apocalypse they condemn as a thing effectual unto evil: the bare reading even of Scriptures themselves they mislike, as a thing *ineffectual* to do good. *Hook.*

The death of Patroclus, joined to the offer of Agamemnon, which of itself had proved *ineffectual*. *Pope.*

INEFFECTUALLY. *adv.* [from *ineffectual*.] Without effect.

INEFFECTUALNESS. *n. f.* [from *ineffectual*.] Inefficacy; want of power to perform the proper effect.

St. James speaks of the *ineffectualness* of some mens devotion, Ye ask, and receive not, because ye ask amiss. *Wake.*

INEFFECTUOUS. *adj.* [from *ineffectus*, Fr. *ineffectus*, Lat.] Unable to produce effects; weak; feeble.

INE

Is not that better than always to have the rod in hand, and, by frequent use of it, misapply and render *inefficacious* this useful remedy? *Leake.*

INEFFICACY. *n. f.* [from *inefficacia*, Lat.] Want of power; want of effect.

INELEGANCE. *n. f.* [from *inelegant*.] Absence of beauty; want of elegance.

INELEGANT. *adj.* [from *inelegans*, Lat.]

1. Not becoming; not beautiful: opposite to elegant.
What order, so contriv'd as not to mix
Tastes, not well join'd, *inelegant*, but bring
Taste after taste, upheld with kindest change. *Milton.*

This very variety of sea and land, hill and dale, which is here reputed so *inelegant* and unbecoming, is indeed extremely charming and agreeable. *Woodward.*

2. Mean; despicable; contemptible.
Modern critics, having never read Homer, but in low and *inelegant* translations, impute the meanness of the translation to the poet. *Broom's Notes on the Odyssey.*

INELOQUENT. *adj.* [from *ineloquent*, Lat.] Not persuasive; not oratorical: opposite to *elegant*.

INEPT. *adj.* [from *ineptus*, Lat.] Unfit; useless; trifling; foolish.

The works of nature, being neither useless nor *inept*, must be guided by some principle of knowledge. *More.*

After their various unsuccessful ways,
Their fruitless labour, and *inept* essays,
No cause of these appearances they'll find,
But power exerted by th' Eternal Mind. *Blackmore.*

When the upper and vegetative stratum was once washed off by rains, the hills would have become barren, the strata below yielding only mere sterile matter, such as was wholly *inept* and improper for the formation of vegetables. *Woodward.*

INEPTLY. *adv.* [from *ineptus*, Lat.] Triflingly; foolishly; unfitly.

None of them are made foolishly or *ineptly*. *More.*

All things were at first disposed by an omniscient intellect, that cannot contrive *ineptly*. *Glavin. Scryf.*

INEPTITUDE. *n. f.* [from *ineptus*, Lat.] Unfitness.

The grating and rubbing of axes against the sockets, wherein they are placed, will cause some *ineptitude* or resistency to rotation of the cylinder. *Wilkins.*

An omnipotent agent works infallibly and irresistibly, no *ineptitude* or stubbornness of the matter being ever able to hinder him. *Ray on the Creation.*

There is an *ineptitude* to motion from too great laxity, and an *ineptitude* to motion from too great tension. *Arbutnot.*

INEQUALITY. *n. f.* [from *inequalitas*, Fr. from *in* and *equalitas*, Lat.]

1. Difference of comparative quantity.
There is so great an *inequality* in the length of our legs and arms, as makes it impossible for us to walk on all four. *Ray.*

2. Unevenness; interchange of higher and lower parts.
The country is cut into so many hills and *inequalities* as renders it defensible. *Addison on Italy.*

The glass seemed as well wrought as the object-glasses use to be; yet when it was quicksilvered, the reflexion discovered innumerable *inequalities* all over the glass. *Newton's Opt.*

If there were no *inequalities* in the surface of the earth, nor in the seasons of the year, we should lose a considerable share of the vegetable kingdom. *Bentley.*

3. Disproportion to any office or purpose; state of not being adequate; inadequateness.

The great *inequality* of all things to the appetites of a rational soul appears from this, that in all worldly things a man finds not half the pleasure in the actual possession that he proposed in the expectation. *South's Sermons.*

4. Change of state; unlikeliness of a thing to itself; difference of temper or quality.

In some places, by the nature of the earth, and by the situation of woods and hills, the air is more unequal than in others; and *inequality* of air is ever an enemy to health. *Bacon.*

5. Difference of rank or station.

If so small *inequality* between man and man make in them modesty a commendable virtue, who respecting superiors as modesty, can neither speak nor stand before them without fear. *Hobbes.*

INERRABILITY. *n. f.* [from *inerrabile*.] Exemption from error; infallibility.

I cannot allow their wisdom such a completeness and *inerrability* as to exclude myself from judging. *King Charles.*

INERRABLE. *adj.* [from *inerrabilis*, Lat.] Exempt from error.

We have conviction from reason, or decisions from the *inerrable* and requisite conditions of sense. *Brown's Vulgar Err.*

Infallibility and *inerrability* is assumed by the Romish church, without any *inerrable* ground to build it on. *Hammond.*

INERRABLENESS. *n. f.* [from *inerrabile*.] Exemption from error.

Infallibility and *inerrability* is assumed and inclosed by the Romish church, without any *inerrable* ground to build it on. *Hammond on Fundamentals.*

INERRABLY. *adv.* [from *inerrabile*.] With security from error; infallibly.

INERRINGLY. *adv.* [from *inerring*.] Without error; without mistake; without deviation.

That divers limners at a distance, without copy, should draw the same picture, is more conceivable, than that matter should frame itself so *inerringly* according to the idea of its kind. *Glavin. Scryf.*

INERT. *adj.* [from *inertus*, Lat.] Dull; sluggish; motionless.

Body alone, *inert* and brute, you'll find;
The cause of all things is by you assign'd. *Blackmore.*

Informers of the planetary train!
Without whose quickening glance their cumbrous orbs
Were brute unliving mass, *inert* and dead. *Thomson.*

INERTLY. *adv.* [from *inertus*, Lat.] Sluggishly; dully.

Ye powers,
Suspend a while your force *inertly* strong. *Dunciad.*

INESCATION. *n. f.* [from *inesca*, Lat.] The act of baiting. *Di. 3.*

INESTIMABLE. *adj.* [from *inestimabilis*, Lat.] Too valuable to be rated; transcending all price.

I thought I saw a thousand fearful wrecks,
A thousand men that fishes gnaw'd upon;
Wedges of gold, great anchors, heaps of pearl,
Inestimable stones, unvalu'd jewels. *Shakespeare's Rich. III.*

The pope thereupon took advantage, abusing the simplicity of the king to suck out *ineestimable* sums of money, to the intolerable grievance of both the clergy and temporality. *Aibet.*

There we shall see a sight worthy dying for, that blessed Saviour, of whom the Scripture does so excellently entreat us, and who does so highly deserve of us upon the score of his infinite perfections, and his *ineestimable* benefits. *Boyle.*

And shall this prize, th' *ineestimable* prize,
On that rapacious hand for ever blaze! *Pope.*

INEVIDENT. *adj.* [from *inevidens*, Fr. *in* and *evidens*.] Not plain; obscure. Not in use.

The habit of faith in divinity is an argument of things unseen, and a stable assent unto things *inevident*, upon authority of the divine revealer. *Brown's Vulgar Errours.*

INEVITABILITY. *n. f.* [from *inevitabilis*, Lat.] Impossibility to be avoided; certainty.

By liberty, I do understand neither a liberty from sin, misery, servitude, nor violence, but from necessity, or rather necessity; that is, an universal immunity from all *inevitability* and determination to one. *Bramb. against Hobbs.*

INEVITABLE. *adj.* [from *inevitabilis*, Lat.] Unavoidable; not to be escaped.
I had a pash with him: he gives me the fluck in with such a mortal motion, that it is *inevitable*. *Shakespeare's Twelfth Night.*

Fate *inevitable*
Subdues us. *Milton.*

Since my *inevitable* death you know,
You safely unavailing pity show. *Dryden's Aurengzebe.*

INEVITABLY. *adv.* [from *inevitabilis*.] Without possibility of escape.

The day thou eat'st thereof, my sole command
Transgress, *inevitably* thou shalt die. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

How *inevitably* does an immoderate laughter end in a sigh? *South's Sermons.*

To look no further than the next line, it will *inevitably* follow, that they can drive to no certain point. *Dryden.*

Inflammations of the bowels oft *inevitably* tend to the ruin of the whole. *Harvey on Consumptions.*

If our sense of hearing were exalted, we should have no quiet or sleep in the silentest nights, and we must *inevitably* be stricken deaf or dead with a clap of thunder. *Bentley.*

INEXCUSABLE. *adj.* [from *inexcusable*, Fr. *inexcusable*, Lat. *in* and *excusable*.] Not to be excused; not to be palliated by apology.

It is a temerity, and a folly *inexcusable*, to deliver up ourselves needlessly into another's power. *L'Estrange.*

As we are an island with ports and navigable seas, we should be *inexcusable* if we did not make these blessings turn to account. *Addison's Freeholder.*

Such a favour could only render them more obdurate, and more *inexcusable*: it would enhance their guilt. *Atterbury.*

If learning be not encouraged under your administration, you are the most *inexcusable* person alive. *Swift.*

A fallen woman is the more *inexcusable*, as, from the cradle, the sex is warned against the delusions of men. *Clarissa.*

INEXCUSABLENESS. *n. f.* [from *inexcusable*.] Enormity beyond forgiveness or palliation.

Their *inexcusable*ness is flated upon the supposition that they knew God, but did not glorify him. *South's Sermons.*

INEXCUSABLY. *adv.* [from *inexcusable*.] To a degree of guilt or folly beyond excuse.

It will *inexcusably* condemn some men, who having received excellent endowments, yet have frustrated the intention. *Dryden.*

INEXHAUSTABLE. *adj.* [from *inexhaustibilis*, Lat.] That which cannot evaporate.

A new laid egg will not so easily be boiled hard, because it contains a great stock of humid part, which must be evaporated before the heat can bring the *inexhaustible* parts into consistence. *Brown's Vulgar Errours.*

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So wert thou born into a tuneful strain,
An early, rich, and *inexhausted* vein. *Dryden.*

INEXHAUSTIBLE. *adj.* [from *inexhaustibilis*, Lat.] Not to be drawn all away; not to be spent.

Reflect on the variety of combinations which may be made with number, whose stock is *inexhaustible*, and truly infinite. *Locke.*